

## LAIMUN XXVIII Rules of Procedure

### LAIMUN Policies

- No pre-written operatives
- No deleting others' operatives
- $\frac{1}{3}$  of your resolution group can go up for formal, rounded up
- Topic A goes first, and Topic B goes second. This is unamendable; there is no setting agenda.
- Speaker's List information:
  - There will be only one Speaker's List for each topic.
  - Delegates may not be re-added to the Speakers' List.
  - The default speaking time is 90 seconds for all committees except Security Council. This is amendable.
  - The speaking time is 3 minutes for Security Council. This is not amendable.
  - In all committees, each speech will be followed by two 30-second comments by default. This is amendable.
- The moderator is not required to ask for points and motions after every speech. They will let you know when they are taking motions. You can raise your placard at any time if you wish to make a point.
- The gavel tap will be 10 seconds before time is up for speeches, mods, and comments, regardless of the total speaking time
- The moderator will take a maximum of 5 motions at a time, and all countries must vote on each motion.
- If the moderator elects to do speeches for and against moving into voting block, they will be scored as comments.
- Comments and moderated caucus speeches are counted in the same section of the scoresheet. They are 5 points each. Questions are counted in a separate section of the scoresheet. They are 3 points each.

## Points

- Point of Personal Privilege  
This refers to the delegates' wellbeing and comfort in the committee room. It may be called out for various reasons including the following: the room is too hot or cold, the delegate cannot hear the speaker. This point may disrupt a speaker only when due to audibility.
- Point of Inquiry (Information)  
Question directed to the dias/chair concerning debate. Delegates may not use a point of inquiry to question another delegate in the committee.
- Point of Order  
This refers to the rules of procedure, but it pertains only to decisions made by the chairs. It could be to disagree with or to clarify a decision the chair made.
- Point of Parliamentary Inquiry  
This is similar to a point of order, but it is a question about the rules of procedure and does not pertain to decisions made by the Chair.

## Motions

- Motion to open debate
- Motion to open the speaker's list  
Delegate specifies speaking time, comment time (if any), and question time (if any).
- Motion to open moderated caucus  
Speaker designates the topic, length of caucus, and speaking time. If it passes, the chair should ask the delegate who motioned for it to speak first or last. The chair will call on the rest of the speakers individually.
- Motion to open an unmoderated caucus  
The Speaker designates the length of caucus.
- Motion to amend the speaking time  
Delegates can propose changes to the speaking time, comment, or question format of the speakers list.
- Motion to move into formal caucus  
Once resolution papers are completed and submitted to chairs, a delegate may move into formal caucus where formal presentations of resolution papers begin.
- Motion to move into voting block  
Delegates vote to move out of formal caucus and vote on resolution papers. Two speakers may speak in favor and two speakers may speak against preceding the voting block.
- Motion to suspend debate
- Motion to end debate